About political parties

Qodirova Mamlakat, Mominovna

Karshi State University, Department of History of Uzbekistan, Candidate of History, Associate Professor

Abstract: This article contains information about political parties, the emergence of political parties, and information about political parties operating in our country.

Key words: Political party, governance, law, freedom, law, constitution, democratic, revolution.

A political party is a voluntary association of citizens of the Republic of Uzbekistan formed on the basis of common views, interests and goals, striving to realize the political will of a certain part of society in the formation of state authorities, and participating in the management of state and public affairs through its representatives. , in accordance with other legal documents, as well as on the basis of their charters.

Although the first political parties began to appear during the revolutions of the 17th and 18th centuries, groups and organizations similar to political parties have existed since ancient times. The Athenian Heterians, the Roman Optimates and the Populares served as political parties in antiquity. The universal form of political parties was mainly a group of people connected by kinship ties and secret organizations (Yorks and Lancasters - in medieval England; supporters of Ali - in medieval Arabia). Even today, the principles of kinship and patriotism are of great importance in the formation and functioning of political parties in Asian countries.

Historical and social conditions for forming political parties in Central Asia began to emerge at the end of the 19th century and the beginning of the 20th century. This was evidenced by the efforts of modernists and enlighteners to spread enlightenment among the people, increase their political activity, encourage the masses to achieve autonomy within the Tsarist Russia, and raise the issue of creating an independent national state in the country. But their aspirations were strongly opposed by the tsarist authorities and local rulers. As a result, politically, theoretically and organizationally mature political parties did not form in the region before 1917. On the eve of the October coup and after it, political organizations and their leaders were repressed, exiled and exiled. During the Soviet period, it was forbidden to form any party other than the ruling communist party.

After the independence of the Republic of Uzbekistan, an opportunity was created for the formation and operation of political parties. Currently, there are 5 political parties in the country (People's Democratic Party of Uzbekistan, Social Democratic Party of Uzbekistan "Adolat", Democratic Party of National Revival of Uzbekistan, People's Democratic Party of Uzbekistan, Liberal Democratic Party of Uzbekistan, Ecological Party of Uzbekistan). These political parties carry out their activities on the basis of the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan (December 8, 1992), the Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On Political Parties" (December 26, 1996), other legal documents, as well as their charter. The right to establish political parties is enshrined in Article 34 of the Constitution. According to the law, political parties are established and operate on the basis of free expression of will, voluntary entry and exit from the party, equal rights of its members, self-management, legality and transparency in order to realize the rights and freedoms of citizens. But the one who aims to change the constitutional system by force; Opposing the sovereignty, integrity and security of the Republic of Uzbekistan, the constitutional rights and freedoms of citizens; promoting war, social, national, racial and religious enmity; attacking the health and morale of the people; it is prohibited to form and operate parties of a national and religious spirit.

According to the law of the Republic of Uzbekistan on political parties, persons serving in law enforcement bodies (judges, prosecutors and investigators of the prosecutor's office); internal affairs bodies, employees of the national security service, military personnel, citizens of foreign countries and stateless persons cannot become members of political parties. Membership in political parties is recorded only individually. A member of one party cannot be admitted to another party at the same time. In order to form political parties, signatures of at least 20,000 citizens living in at least 8 territorial entities (provinces), including the Republic of

Karakalpakstan and the city of Tashkent, who wish to join the party are required. Political parties participate in the preparation of relevant decisions through their representatives in the elected state bodies, in the elections of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan, state authorities in accordance with the procedure established by law. In order to carry out the policy of their parties in an organized manner, factions of political parties in the Oliy Majlis of the Republic of Uzbekistan, party groups are formed in the Dzhokorgi Council of the Republic of Karakalpakstan and representative bodies of local state authorities. The Law "On Political Parties" fully specifies the guarantees of the activity of political parties, their formation, registration, party property, the procedure for terminating their activity, and other issues.

The tasks of political parties are as follows:

- 1. Development of a specific political goal i, the party has created its ideology and program, and tries to form public opinion that approves it.
- 2. Participation in political activities. In this case, certain interests are protected.
- 3. Support and encourage political activity of citizens. In this, the citizen mentality is directed to the realization of the party's goals, and the mass media is used to shape public opinion.
- 4. Forming the ruling elite of the party, ensuring communication between the representative bodies of power and society, forming the mechanism of state and social management together with other political institutions, ensuring the stability of power structures and mechanisms.
- 5. Increasing political culture.
- 6. Influencing the activities of parliament and government.
- 7. Education of political leaders.
- 8. Active participation in the formation and implementation of the goals facing the state.
- 9. 5. Increasing political culture.
- 10. 6. Influencing the activities of parliament and government.
- 11. 7. Education of political leaders.
- 12. Active participation in the formation and implementation of the goals facing the state.

The following official political parties are active in our country.

- 1. UzKDP / People's Democratic Party of Uzbekistan
- 2. OZLiDeP / Liberal Democratic Party of Uzbekistan
- 3. UzMTDP / National Democratic Party of Uzbekistan
- 4. SDP Adolat / Social Democratic Party of Uzbekistan Adolat
- 5. Ecoparty / Ecological Party of Uzbekistan.

In short, all the legal grounds have been created for political parties to implement their ideas and programs, actively participate in elections based on the principles of equality, openness and impartiality, form their factions and party groups in parliament, local representative bodies, and actively participate in the political and social life of our country. The newly adopted Election Code of the Republic of Uzbekistan is significant as it creates more opportunities in this regard.

List of used literature:

- 1. The first President of the Republic of Uzbekistan I. KARIMOV, Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On Political Parties", Tashkent city, December 26, 1996, No. 337-I.
- 2. Kyrgyzboev M. Civil society: political parties, ideologies, cultures. T.: East. 1998. B.30-32.
- 3. Jalilov A., Muhammadiev U., Joraev Q. and others. Fundamentals of Civil Society: A Study Guide. Tashkent, 2015.
- 4. Bekov I.R., Abbashojaev Sh.A. Political parties and the election of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan. T.: "Uzbekistan", 2007.
- 5. The idea of national independence: basic concepts and principles. Tashkent: Uzbekistan, 2000.
- 6. Tadzhikhanov U., Odilkoriev H., Saidov A. Constitutional law of the Republic of Uzbekistan. T., 2001.
- 7. Bekov.I., Hamidova K. Elections and political parties.-Tashkent: Uzbekistan, 2009.
- 8. Karimov I.A. A free and prosperous Motherland, a free and prosperous life is our ultimate goal. T.: 8 volumes. Uzbekistan. -
- 9. Bekov I., Hamidova K. Elections and political parties.-Tashkent-Uzbekistan,

10. Bekov I.R, Abbashojaev S'h. A. Political parties and the election of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan. - T.: "Uzbekistan",