

“Outwitting the Karmic Impressions; Knowledge Merges into The Source of Its' Creation”

Prof. Supratim Chowdhury. AMT.

(MBA, PGDRM, DIP-HRA, CMT, C-QFS, CBT, REBT)
HR and Management Professional, Researcher, Author, Social Activist, & Mentor,
HOD Dept. of HRD, KMRIPL
Mail: supratimbubun@gmail.com
Website: www.supratimchowdhury.wixsite.com

Mr. Tapas Khanra

(Diploma Mech. Engineering, B.Tech Mech. Engineering)
Researcher, Author, Social Activist, & Mentor
Asst. Manager. KMRIPL
Mail: tapaskhanra@yahoo.com
August, 2023
West Bengal, India.

Abstract:

The wellspring of all knowledge and the secret to advancement is inner wisdom. We may reach the fundamental understanding, which is unchanging, limitless, and eternal when we are calm and silent. We may access the infinite source of wisdom, which is 5 dimensional in nature and from which all knowledge flows and makes 3D life possible, by concentrating our energies and evading karmic patterns.

These concepts are not grounded in mainstream scientific understanding and are more spiritual, philosophical, and metaphysics. They represent a perspective explored in various traditions and new-age beliefs. Interpretations and opinions can vary among individuals and cultures, and they can provide a framework for understanding personal experiences and perceptions of reality. To explore these ideas further, engage with philosophical and spiritual texts, meditative practices, and discussions with people with similar beliefs. Approaching these concepts with an open mind and critical discerning perspective is essential

Keywords: Understanding, perspective, knowledge, philosophical, wisdom, spiritual, beliefs, concepts, individuals, wisdom, karma, karmic patterns, Bramha

Introduction:

Inner wisdom is the source of all knowledge and the key to every progress. When we are still and the mind becomes silent, we start penetrating toward the core wisdom. The wisdom manifolds the knowledge for the 3D world which we call discovery or invention that becomes the knowledge repository to a new dimension. But in reality, there is no creation of knowledge the wisdom that is the source of all knowledge is absolute, infinite, and was, is, and will be as it is. The more focus the energy of an individual the more outwitting the karmic patterns one tends to reach the infinite source of wisdom which is 5 dimensional in nature from which every knowledge flow and makes the 3D existence possible.

1. Knowledge as absolute form the source of knowledge comes and evolves from one source and wisdom within us

Knowledge as absolute form from a source: This perspective views knowledge as objective, universal, and independent of individuals. It implies that knowledge comes from a singular, authoritative source or collection of sources. Historically, this source of knowledge might have been considered divine or bestowed upon humanity through some higher power or authority. In more modern times, the source of knowledge is often associated with academic institutions, experts in various fields, scientific research, and other reputable sources of information.

For example, when we learn about established scientific theories, historical events, or mathematical principles, this knowledge is considered objective and universally valid. It is not subject to personal interpretations or opinions but rather based on evidence, facts, and rigorous research.

Wisdom within us: On the other hand, wisdom is a more subjective and personal aspect of knowledge. It refers to the ability to apply knowledge, experience, understanding, and good judgment to make sound decisions and navigate life's complexities effectively. Wisdom involves insight into human behavior, empathy, compassion, and an understanding of the consequences of actions beyond mere factual knowledge.

Wisdom often develops through a combination of life experiences, reflection, and critical thinking. It goes beyond the accumulation of information and instead focuses on synthesizing knowledge into practical, valuable insights that guide one's actions and choices. Now, how do these two aspects relate to each other?

While knowledge as an absolute form comes from external sources and represents facts and theories, the wisdom within us involves how we internalize and apply that knowledge in our lives. Wisdom takes into account not just what we know but also how we use that knowledge ethically and in consideration of various circumstances.

In this sense, knowledge serves as a foundation for wisdom. The more we learn and accumulate knowledge from reliable sources, the better equipped we are to make informed decisions and develop wisdom. Wisdom, in turn, allows us to use that knowledge thoughtfully and responsibly, recognizing its limitations and understanding its implications in different contexts.

To summarize, knowledge as an absolute form is the objective and universal information acquired from external sources, while wisdom within us involves the personal application of that knowledge through experiences, discernment, and good judgment. Together, they contribute to a deeper and more meaningful understanding of the world and ourselves.

2. The whole source of knowledge unfolds when we touch the inner wisdom by the stillness of mind

Inner Wisdom: The term "inner wisdom" refers to the inherent knowledge and insights that lie within each individual. It is the reservoir of intuitive understanding, accumulated experiences, and innate intelligence that we possess. This wisdom is not solely derived from external sources but also from our introspective and reflective abilities.

Stillness of Mind: "Stillness of mind" indicates a state of mental calmness, tranquility, and absence of mental chatter or distractions. It is when the mind is not preoccupied with thoughts, worries, or external stimuli. This state of stillness allows one to be fully present in the moment and receptive to the inner workings of the mind.

Unfolding of Knowledge: When the mind is quiet and undisturbed, it becomes like a clear mirror. In this receptive state, our inner wisdom can manifest itself, and we can access a deeper level of understanding and insight. This unfolding of knowledge goes beyond the accumulation of information from external sources; it involves tapping into our intuitive understanding and connecting with our higher consciousness.

Beyond External Knowledge: While external knowledge, such as facts and information learned from books, teachers, or the internet, is valuable and essential, it is limited in scope. The depth of human understanding goes beyond what can be learned from external sources. By delving into the stillness of the mind and connecting with our inner wisdom, we open ourselves to profound insights that cannot be easily accessed through conventional learning.

Intuition and Creativity: Stillness of mind allows us to tap into our intuition and creativity. It is through these faculties that we can find novel solutions to problems, discover hidden patterns, and gain unique perspectives on various matters. Intuition often emerges from the deeper layers of our consciousness, and by quieting the mind, we can better access these intuitive flashes.

Spiritual Connection: The concept of touching the inner wisdom by stillness of mind is often associated with spiritual practices and philosophies. Many spiritual traditions emphasize meditation, contemplation, or mindfulness as a means to connect with a higher power or universal consciousness. By going beyond the constant chatter of the mind, individuals may experience a sense of unity with something greater than themselves.

Personal Growth and Self-Understanding: Engaging in stillness of mind and accessing inner wisdom can lead to personal growth and self-understanding. It allows individuals to confront their fears, biases, and unresolved emotions, leading to greater self-awareness and self-acceptance.

In summary, the phrase "The whole source of knowledge unfolds when we touch the inner wisdom by the stillness of mind" speaks to the profound potential that lies within each of us. By quieting the mind and accessing our inner wisdom, we can unlock deeper insights, intuition, and creativity, and foster personal and

spiritual growth. This process transcends conventional learning and allows us to connect with a higher form of knowledge that goes beyond the limitations of external sources.

3. We accumulate strength to discover this potential wisdom among us from which all knowledge/information evolves

Empowering Individuals: The process starts with empowering individuals to harness their unique talents and perspectives. Each person possesses a wealth of experiences, insights, and creativity that, when nurtured and encouraged, can lead to the generation of new ideas and knowledge.

Collective Intelligence: The concept of collective intelligence suggests that when people work together, their collective wisdom far exceeds the sum of their knowledge. By pooling diverse perspectives and expertise, groups can find innovative solutions to complex problems and discover new realms of understanding.

Learning from Each Other: As individuals share their knowledge, experiences, and ideas, others can learn from them. This sharing fosters a culture of continuous learning and creates an environment where information flows freely, leading to the expansion of collective knowledge.

Building on Past Wisdom: Accumulating strength to discover wisdom involves recognizing the importance of the accumulated knowledge of past generations. By understanding and building upon the insights of our ancestors, we can avoid repeating mistakes and progress further in our pursuit of knowledge.

Embracing Diversity: Diversity in all its forms, such as cultural, social, and intellectual diversity, enriches the pool of potential wisdom. Different viewpoints challenge prevailing assumptions and open new avenues for exploration, making the quest for knowledge more robust and inclusive.

Interdisciplinary Approach: An interdisciplinary approach is essential for unlocking the full potential of human wisdom. By combining insights from various fields, we can approach problems from different angles, leading to more comprehensive solutions and breakthroughs.

Cultivating Curiosity and Critical Thinking: Encouraging curiosity and critical thinking is crucial in the quest for wisdom and knowledge. Curiosity drives exploration, while critical thinking ensures that information is evaluated rigorously and that false beliefs are challenged.

Recognizing Limitations: While acknowledging our potential for wisdom, it is equally important to recognize our limitations. Understanding that we don't know everything and that knowledge is a continuous journey fosters a humble and open-minded approach to learning.

Collaborative Environment: Creating an environment that encourages collaboration, constructive feedback, and open dialogue is vital. A safe space for sharing ideas fosters creativity and promotes the exchange of knowledge without fear of judgment.

Ethical Considerations: The pursuit of wisdom and knowledge must be guided by ethical principles. Responsible and ethical use of information ensures that advancements benefit society as a whole and do not cause harm.

In summary, accumulating strength to discover the potential wisdom among us involves empowering individuals, leveraging collective intelligence, embracing diversity, and fostering a collaborative and ethical environment. By recognizing the value of each individual's contributions and working together, we can unlock the full potential of human wisdom and continue to evolve our understanding of the world and our place in it.

4. When the karmic patterns are removed the mind is still the wisdom the source of all information is realized, then we can understand that everything is already there in existing in the form of absolute consciousness

Mind as Wisdom: When the karmic patterns are removed, the mind is said to reveal its inherent wisdom. In many spiritual traditions, the mind is considered a powerful tool for understanding reality when it is no longer clouded by conditioned thoughts and emotions. It becomes like a mirror reflecting things as they truly are, untainted by the distortions of past experiences.

Source of All Information Realized: As the mind's clarity and wisdom deepen, it is believed that one can access the source of all information or knowledge. This source is often referred to as the "universal consciousness" or "absolute consciousness." It is the interconnected and all-encompassing field of awareness that is said to underlie and permeate everything in existence.

Everything Already Exists in the Form of Absolute Consciousness: In the state of absolute consciousness, it is believed that everything already exists in its purest form. This includes all knowledge, wisdom, and

understanding about the universe and ourselves. This concept suggests that all potentialities and possibilities are inherent within this state of consciousness, and we can access them when we free ourselves from the limitations imposed by karmic patterns and conditioned thinking.

Understanding and Realization: As one delves deeper into the state of absolute consciousness, the realization dawns that there is an interconnectedness and oneness to all things. The boundaries that separate individual experiences and knowledge begin to dissolve. This realization brings about a profound understanding that we are not separate from the universe but rather an integral part of it.

In summary, the statement suggests that by liberating ourselves from karmic patterns through spiritual growth and self-realization, we can access the inherent wisdom of the mind and tap into the vast reservoir of knowledge present in the form of absolute consciousness. This understanding leads to the realization that everything we seek or need is already within us, waiting to be uncovered and explored. It is a perspective often found in various spiritual and philosophical traditions that emphasize the journey toward self-discovery and the interconnected nature of all existence.

5. Every matter or state of matter that we see is in form of the universal energy but transformed to take a new dimension new look new area of observation for the survival of the human race and creation

Universal Energy: This refers to the concept that everything in the universe including matter, is composed of energy. According to modern physics, matter is made up of atoms, which in turn consist of subatomic particles like protons, neutrons, and electrons. These particles possess energy in various forms.

Transformation of Energy: The statement suggests that the energy in the universe can transform into different states or forms, including the states of matter that we observe in the world around us. This idea aligns with the principles of conservation of energy, which state that energy cannot be created or destroyed but can change from one form to another.

New Dimensions, Looks, and Areas of Observation: When energy transforms into different states of matter, it takes on various characteristics, such as solid, liquid, gas, plasma, and so on. These different states of matter provide the diversity and complexity we see in the world. The "new dimensions" could refer to the diverse physical properties and arrangements of matter, the "new looks" might imply the appearance of different substances, and the "new areas of observation" likely point to the multitude of environments where matter exists.

Survival of the Human Race: The statement suggests that this transformation of energy into various forms of matter is crucial for the survival of humanity. This idea connects to the concept that the diversity and abundance of matter in the universe have allowed for the existence of life on Earth and provided the necessary resources for human survival and development.

Creation: In this context, "creation" may refer to the emergence of complex structures and systems in the universe. It implies that the transformation of universal energy into matter has led to the creation of the world as we know it, including living organisms, ecosystems, and civilizations.

In summary, the statement highlights the interconnectedness of universal energy and matter, their transformations, and how these processes have given rise to the diverse world we observe, enabling the survival and development of the human race and various forms of creation. It encompasses ideas from physics, and cosmology, and even touches on philosophical perspectives on the role of energy and matter in shaping our reality.

6. What prevents us from understanding such state – wisdom or absoluteness is the "Maya" the illusion that is created due to the karmic patterns of individual

Nature of Maya: Maya is not a physical entity but a metaphysical concept. It represents the illusory nature of the material world and the way it deludes the human mind. According to these philosophies, the material world is a manifestation of Maya, and it leads individuals to perceive reality in a distorted and limited manner. consequences and these consequences contribute to the formation of karmic patterns. These patterns are like imprints on the mind and consciousness, accumulated over lifetimes. Maya influences how individuals perceive and interpret their experiences, often reinforcing these karmic patterns and limiting their understanding.

Subjective Reality: Maya emphasizes that reality is subjective and can differ from one individual to another. Our perceptions, biases, and beliefs color our understanding of the world, making it challenging to grasp higher truths or perceive the absolute reality beyond Maya's veil.

Attachments and Aversions: Maya keeps individuals bound to the cycle of birth and rebirth (samsara) through attachment to desires and aversion to pain. These attachments and aversions further perpetuate the karmic patterns and reinforce the illusion.

Ego and Identity: The ego, or the sense of self, is a product of Maya. It leads individuals to identify themselves with their thoughts, emotions, and material possessions. This identification with the individual self-further veils the perception of the interconnectedness and oneness of all existence.

Transcending Maya: The ultimate goal in these philosophies is to transcend Maya and attain a higher state of consciousness or enlightenment. This involves freeing oneself from the illusion of separateness and recognizing the underlying unity and interconnectedness of all things.

Spiritual practices: Various spiritual practices, such as meditation, self-inquiry, selfless service (seva), and mindfulness, are employed to pierce through the veil of Maya. These practices aim to still the mind, purify consciousness, and liberate individuals from the limitations imposed by the illusion.

In summary, the concept of Maya points to the illusory nature of reality and how it obstructs our understanding of higher truths and states of consciousness like "Wisdom" or "Absoluteness." By recognizing and transcending the influence of Maya through spiritual practices, one can move closer to a deeper understanding of existence and the interconnectedness of all life.

7. History states that the Vedas were written by Maha Rishi Veda Vyas, but to examine the fact he wrote or documented the realization that already persisted like existence, but not documented.

The Vedas: The Vedas are a large body of ancient sacred texts of Hinduism, considered the oldest scriptures of the religion. They are written in Vedic Sanskrit and are highly revered by Hindus for their spiritual, philosophical, and ritualistic significance. The Vedas are not attributed to any single individual or author but are believed to have been revealed by divine sources and transmitted orally from generation to generation before being eventually written down. of titles and names. "Maha Rishi" refers to a great sage, and "Veda Vyas" is a name commonly associated with the compilation and arrangement of the Vedas. In reality, there was no one person named "Maha Rishi Veda Vyas" who wrote the Vedas.

Origin of the Vedas: As mentioned earlier, the Vedas were not authored by any individual. Instead, they are considered to be of divine origin and are attributed to seers known as "Rishis." These ancient sages are said to have received eternal knowledge directly from the cosmic consciousness during deep meditative states.

Nature of Existence and Documentation: The Vedas are not merely the personal realizations of any individual; they are considered to contain eternal truths and principles about the nature of existence, the universe, and the divine. The Rishis are believed to have perceived these truths through heightened states of consciousness and then revealed them through oral transmission to their disciples.

Oral Tradition and Written Documentation: Initially, the Vedas were passed down solely through an oral tradition, where successive generations of Rishis and their disciples memorized and recited the texts verbatim. The oral tradition was highly effective in preserving the integrity and accuracy of the Vedas over thousands of years.

It is essential to understand that the Vedas are not like typical written works with identifiable authors and dates. Instead, they represent a vast body of spiritual and philosophical knowledge that has been revered and preserved for thousands of years through oral tradition. The process of oral transmission and memorization was highly disciplined to maintain the purity of the texts, and it was later followed by written documentation when writing systems became prevalent.

In conclusion, the Vedas were not written by a single person, including "Maha Rishi Veda Vyas." Instead, they are considered to be divinely revealed knowledge passed down through generations of enlightened sages. The Vedas contain profound insights into the nature of existence and have been preserved and transmitted through both oral and written traditions

8. Maha vigayan, vigayan, gyan

Brahma Gyan: In Hindu philosophy, "Brahma Gyan" (also known as "Brahma Vidya" or "Knowledge of the Absolute") refers to the ultimate knowledge or understanding of the true nature of reality, often associated with the concept of Brahman, the supreme, unchanging, and eternal reality in the universe. It represents a state of spiritual enlightenment and self-realization, transcending the limitations of the material world and connecting with the eternal truth.

Gyan (Jnana): The term "Gyan" or "Jnana" generally refers to knowledge, wisdom, or understanding. In the context of spirituality, it denotes spiritual knowledge or higher wisdom that leads to self-realization and liberation from the cycle of birth and death (Samsara).

Vigyan (Vijnana): In the context of Indian philosophical systems, "Vigyan" or "Vijnana" refers to specialized knowledge or practical science. It is often associated with the knowledge gained through empirical observation, experimentation, and rational inquiry. In contrast to "Jnana," which is more theoretical, "Vijnana" is concerned with practical application and skill development.

Now, since "Maha Vigayan" and "Vigayan" were not mentioned in the original context, I can only speculate that "Maha Vigayan" could signify "great knowledge" or "supreme wisdom," while "Vigayan" might imply "applied knowledge" or "practical science."

Combining these terms with "Gyan," the core of the research paper might be exploring the relationship between various forms of knowledge, including spiritual wisdom (Brahma Gyan), practical knowledge (Vigyan), and general knowledge or information (Gyan) and their relevance and applications in daily life. The paper could potentially delve into how these different types of knowledge complement each other, enrich the human experience, and contribute to personal growth and societal well-being. Additionally, it may explore how the integration of spiritual knowledge with practical knowledge can lead to a more balanced and holistic approach to life, enhancing both material and spiritual aspects.

However, please note that without more specific information about the context and the intended meanings of "Maha Vigayan" and "Vigayan," the interpretation and explanation are subject to speculation.

9. Knowledge is the sprout of the wisdom of infinite time and space or consciousness or the awareness of mere existence

Knowledge: Knowledge refers to information, understanding, or awareness acquired through learning, experience, or study. It encompasses facts, ideas, skills, and concepts that a person possesses.

Wisdom: Wisdom goes beyond mere knowledge. It involves the ability to apply knowledge and experience in a thoughtful, discerning, and compassionate manner. Wisdom is often associated with making sound judgments, understanding the deeper meaning of things, and acting with insight and prudence.

Infinite Time and Space: This part of the statement suggests that wisdom is not limited by time and space. It implies that wisdom is not constrained to specific moments or locations but transcends these boundaries.

Consciousness: Consciousness refers to the state of being aware and self-aware. It is the subjective experience of one's thoughts, emotions, sensations, and perceptions. Consciousness is an essential aspect of human existence, as it allows us to have an inner experience of the world.

Awareness of Mere Existence: This phrase highlights the fundamental awareness or consciousness of being. It points to the fact that we are aware of our existence and the existence of the world around us.

Now, let's connect these concepts to elaborate on the statement:

Knowledge can be seen as the first step in the path to wisdom. As we acquire knowledge through learning and experience, we begin to understand the world and its workings. However, wisdom is not just a collection of facts; it involves a deep understanding of the interconnectedness of all things. This understanding goes beyond the boundaries of time and space. Wisdom is not limited to a specific era or location; it is universal and timeless.

The notion of infinite time and space suggests that wisdom is not confined to a particular historical period or geographical location. Instead, it is a transcendent and all-encompassing understanding that reaches beyond the limitations of the physical world.

Consciousness plays a crucial role in this process. It is through consciousness that we gain awareness of both ourselves and the external world. Consciousness allows us to perceive, reflect, and contemplate the knowledge we have acquired. It is in this state of awareness that wisdom emerges.

Finally, the awareness of mere existence emphasizes the fundamental nature of our being. We are conscious beings aware of our existence and that of the universe around us. This awareness opens the door to the potential for wisdom to sprout and grow within us.

In summary, the statement suggests that knowledge serves as the starting point in the journey toward wisdom. Wisdom transcends the limitations of time and space, encompassing a universal and timeless understanding. Consciousness, as the awareness of our existence, plays a vital role in nurturing this wisdom. Together, these elements form a profound perspective on the interconnectedness of all things and the true nature of existence.

10. Knowledge is just a flow of electrons from one end to another it is a wave of energy generated and percolated.

"Knowledge is just a flow of electrons from one end to another."

This part of the statement appears to draw an analogy between the flow of electrons in a circuit and the transmission of knowledge. In electronics, the flow of electrons through a conductor creates an electric current, which is used to transfer energy or information. Similarly, the analogy suggests that knowledge flows from one person or source to another.

"It is a wave of energy generated and percolated."

This part introduces the concept of knowledge being akin to a wave of energy that is both generated and percolated. In the context of knowledge, the term "generated" likely refers to the process of acquiring information, insights, or ideas through learning, observation, or experience. As we learn, we create new knowledge within ourselves.

The term "percolated" implies the spreading or dissemination of knowledge. Just like a wave expands and travels through a medium, knowledge can be shared and communicated among individuals or communities. People often share their knowledge with others through communication, teaching, writing, or various other forms of expression.

Overall, this statement seems to be using a metaphorical approach to describe knowledge as an intangible, dynamic force that can be transferred and propagated from one entity to another. While the analogy may help illustrate some aspects of how knowledge can be shared and spread, it's important to remember that knowledge is more complex than just the flow of electrons in a circuit or the propagation of waves. Knowledge encompasses understanding, context, interpretation, and the ability to apply information to solve problems or make decisions.

11. Research and meditation is the same in some context where both stills the mind to have focused energy towards a particular area of study thus unfolding and extracting the knowledge from the inner Wisdom

Research: Research is a systematic investigation of a particular subject or topic to discover new information, gain insights, and advance knowledge in that field. It involves gathering data, analyzing existing information, and critically evaluating various sources to form conclusions and make informed decisions. Research is often associated with academic and scientific pursuits, but it can also be applied to various areas of life.

Key features of research include:

Information Gathering: Researchers collect data and information from various sources such as books, articles, experiments, surveys, or databases.

Analysis: The collected data is analyzed, organized, and interpreted to draw meaningful conclusions.

Objectivity: Research aims to be objective and unbiased, relying on evidence and facts rather than personal beliefs or opinions.

Intellectual Curiosity: Researchers are driven by a desire to explore and uncover new knowledge.

Meditation: Meditation is a practice that involves training the mind to focus and redirect thoughts. It is often associated with spiritual or contemplative traditions, but it has gained popularity in secular contexts due to its proven benefits for mental well-being. Meditation techniques can vary widely, but the common goal is to cultivate mindfulness, concentration, and inner peace.

Key features of meditation include:

Mindfulness: Practitioners learn to be fully present in the moment, observing thoughts and sensations without judgment.

Concentration: Meditation helps improve focus and attention, which can enhance learning and cognitive abilities.

Emotional Regulation: Regular meditation can lead to reduced stress and better emotional regulation.

Self-Reflection: Meditation can facilitate self-awareness and self-discovery.

12. Combining research and meditation:

When research and meditation are integrated and practiced together, they can create a powerful synergy:

Focused Energy: Meditation helps to still the mind and enhances the ability to concentrate. This focused energy can be directed towards research, allowing for deeper and more concentrated study.

Intuitive Insights: Through meditation, individuals may gain access to their inner wisdom and intuition. This can lead to novel ideas, creative solutions, and a broader perspective on the subject of study.

Enhanced Learning: Meditation can improve cognitive abilities, memory retention, and learning capabilities. This, in turn, can optimize the process of absorbing and assimilating research findings.

Stress Reduction: Research can sometimes be mentally taxing and stressful. Meditation can serve as a coping mechanism, reducing the negative impact of stress and promoting a balanced approach to the research process.

Personal Growth: Meditation encourages self-reflection, which can help researchers understand their biases and assumptions, leading to more objective and comprehensive research outcomes.

Clarity and Focus: Meditation can clear mental clutter and promote clarity of thought, enabling researchers to approach complex topics with a more structured and organized mindset.

In summary, while research and meditation are distinct practices, they can be integrated to enhance the process of acquiring knowledge. Meditation can still the mind, cultivate focus, and provide access to inner wisdom, while research provides a systematic framework for acquiring, analyzing, and organizing information. Together, they can foster a deeper understanding of the subject under study and lead to transformative insights and discoveries

13. Wisdom, meditation, research & knowledge

Meditation/Research: Meditation and research are two different but related methods of acquiring knowledge and understanding.

Meditation: It is a practice of contemplation and self-reflection aimed at gaining insights, clarity, and wisdom. Through meditation, individuals can explore their thoughts, emotions, and perceptions, leading to a deeper understanding of themselves and the world around them. This process can be introspective and spiritual, helping individuals cultivate inner peace, focus, and emotional intelligence.

Research: Research, on the other hand, is a systematic and methodical investigation aimed at expanding knowledge or verifying existing knowledge. It involves gathering and analyzing data, reviewing existing literature, conducting experiments, and drawing conclusions based on evidence. Research can be empirical, involving the study of real-world phenomena, or theoretical, focusing on conceptual frameworks and hypotheses.

Knowledge: Knowledge refers to the understanding, facts, information, and skills that an individual possesses. It is the result of learning, experiencing, and assimilating information from various sources such as education, experience, observation, communication, and, importantly, meditation and research. Knowledge can be both theoretical and practical, and it forms the basis for making decisions, solving problems, and enhancing one's abilities and perspectives.

Wisdom: Wisdom goes beyond mere knowledge and encompasses the ability to apply knowledge effectively and make sound judgments. It involves a deep understanding of human nature, ethics, and the consequences of actions. Wisdom is often gained through experience, introspection, and reflection on one's experiences and the experiences of others.

Relationship between the Concepts:

Meditation and research are both means of acquiring knowledge, but their approaches differ significantly. While meditation emphasizes inner contemplation and self-awareness, research emphasizes external exploration and empirical evidence. However, these two methods can complement each other.

Meditation can help individuals gain wisdom by promoting self-awareness, emotional intelligence, and a deeper understanding of themselves and others. This self-awareness can lead to more empathetic and insightful decision-making.

Research provides factual information and evidence-based knowledge that can be used to inform decisions, problem-solving, and gain a broader understanding of the world. It contributes to an informed and educated perspective.

Wisdom arises from the synthesis of knowledge gained through various means, including meditation and research. Wise individuals can draw from their experiential, theoretical, and reflective knowledge to navigate complex situations and make ethical and informed choices.

In conclusion, meditation and research are valuable tools for acquiring knowledge, and knowledge, when combined with experience and reflection, can lead to wisdom. Wisdom involves the ability to use knowledge in a discerning and compassionate way, leading to greater understanding, harmony, and positive outcomes in life.

14. The stillness of mind – beyond the body – the physical horizon of understanding – the truth the absolute is present – from where all knowledge of each and everything is generated for the betterment, progress, sustenance of human society, race, and existence of this species

Stillness of Mind: This refers to a state of mental calmness, tranquility, and absence of inner turmoil. It suggests a state of mind where thoughts are not racing, and there is a sense of peace and clarity.

Beyond the Body: This phrase likely refers to the idea that knowledge and understanding extend beyond the limitations of the physical body. It suggests that there is a realm of knowledge that transcends the material world.

Physical Horizon of Understanding: This might refer to the limitations of our knowledge and comprehension within the confines of the physical world. It implies that there is a boundary to what we can understand solely through the study of physical phenomena.

The Truth: In this context, "the Truth" likely refers to ultimate or absolute truths that exist independently of our perception and beliefs. It suggests that there are fundamental truths about reality that we can strive to discover.

The Absolute Is Present: This could imply the presence of an absolute reality or truth that exists beyond our subjective experiences. It suggests that there is an objective and unchanging reality that underlies all existence.

Knowledge Generation: This refers to the process of acquiring, discovering, and creating knowledge. It implies that there is a source or mechanism through which knowledge arises.

Betterment, Progress, Sustenance of Human Society, Race, and Existence: This part emphasizes the purpose of knowledge generation, which is to improve, advance, and support human society and existence. It suggests that knowledge serves a vital role in the development and continuity of our species.

To explain further, the passage seems to touch on the idea that there is a deeper level of understanding and knowledge beyond the physical aspects of the world. This understanding arises from a state of stillness of mind, which enables individuals to connect with higher truths or absolute realities. These absolute truths are seen as the source from which all knowledge is generated.

This knowledge, in turn, is essential for the betterment and progress of human society and the sustenance of our existence as a species. It suggests that by tapping into this deeper understanding, we can access insights and wisdom that can positively impact our lives, the way we interact with each other, and how we navigate the challenges of the world.

It is worth noting that the passage appears to be written philosophically and abstractly, and interpretations may vary based on individual perspectives and beliefs. Some may interpret it as a call to seek inner wisdom through contemplation and introspection, while others may see it as an exploration of metaphysical concepts regarding the nature of reality and knowledge.

15. Knowledge is the supreme energy of the absolute wisdom we also call it – Brahma gyan from this all-mundane metaphysical world and beyond are created

The statement suggests that knowledge is the ultimate source of energy and wisdom, referred to as "BRAMHA GAYAN." It seems to imply that this supreme knowledge is responsible for the creation of everything in both the material (mundane) and metaphysical worlds, extending beyond the physical realm.

In various belief systems and philosophies, the concept of supreme knowledge or wisdom as the source of creation is not uncommon. Many religions and spiritual traditions hold the idea of a divine or cosmic intelligence behind the universe's creation and functioning.

It's important to note that such statements are often rooted in faith and philosophical speculation rather than empirical evidence. Different cultures and belief systems may have their unique interpretations of the ultimate truth and the nature of knowledge's role in creation.

If you have specific questions or would like to explore this topic further, please feel free to provide more context or ask for elaboration on any aspect.

Knowledge as Supreme Energy: In this context, knowledge is being described as more than just intellectual understanding; it's being equated with a powerful force or energy. This view aligns with the idea that knowledge is not merely a collection of facts, but a dynamic force that has the potential to shape and transform reality.

Brahma Gayan: The term "Brahma Gayan" appears to be a fusion of two concepts: "Brahma" and "Gayan." "Brahma" often refers to the ultimate reality, the cosmic principle, or the source of creation in some Eastern philosophical traditions. "Gayan" could be related to wisdom, consciousness, or knowledge. The term "Brahma Gayan" could be understood as the wisdom or knowledge that stems from or is connected to the ultimate reality.

Creation of Mundane and Metaphysical Worlds: The statement suggests that from this supreme knowledge or wisdom (Brahma Gayan), both the mundane (everyday, worldly) and metaphysical (beyond the physical realm) worlds are created. This implies that everything we perceive as reality, including the physical universe and the various dimensions beyond the physical, originates from this underlying knowledge.

Beyond Creation: The statement also hints at the idea that this divine knowledge not only creates the known worlds but extends beyond them. This could imply that there are realities or dimensions beyond our current understanding that are shaped by this supreme knowledge.

Connection to Spiritual and Philosophical Traditions: The concept of knowledge as a creative and transformative force is often found in various spiritual and philosophical traditions. For example, in Hinduism, Brahma is often associated with the creator aspect of the divine trinity (Brahma, Vishnu, Shiva), and knowledge (Jnana) is considered a path to realizing one's connection to the ultimate reality.

Interpretation and Belief: It's important to note that this statement reflects a particular perspective and belief system. Different spiritual traditions and philosophies have their interpretations of creation, reality, and the role of knowledge within them. This interpretation may resonate deeply with some individuals while differing from the views of others.

Ultimately, the statement you provided reflects a metaphysical worldview that sees knowledge as a fundamental and creative force tied to the ultimate reality, leading to the creation of both the mundane and the metaphysical aspects of existence.

16. The state of realization is coming when the mind and body become still and the consciousness is only the witnesser 3 d existence to 4 d transition and reaching the 5th dimension of human existence where the only soul/energy does play the role.

State of Realization: This term likely refers to a state of heightened awareness, self-calmness, or stillness, where thoughts and bodily sensations are minimized, possibly through meditation or other contemplative practices.

Consciousness as the Witnesser: In this state, one's consciousness becomes an observer or witness of experiences, thoughts, and emotions, rather than being identified with them. This concept aligns with various mindfulness and meditative practices.

3D to 4D Transition: This implies a shift from the conventional three-dimensional (3D) physical existence to a higher level of awareness in the fourth dimension (4D). In some esoteric beliefs, the fourth dimension is associated with time and space beyond the three dimensions we perceive in our everyday lives.

Reaching the 5th dimension: Here, the concept goes beyond the 4D level, and it represents an even higher state of consciousness or existence. This could involve the idea of transcending limitations and experiencing a heightened sense of interconnectedness, spiritual unity, or oneness.

Soul / energy playing the role: This suggests that, in the 5th dimension, the individual is primarily driven by their soul or spiritual energy rather than being solely governed by the mind and body. It hints at the idea of aligning with a deeper purpose or higher self.

Conclusion:

It's important to note that these concepts are not grounded in mainstream scientific understanding and fall more into the realm of spirituality, philosophy, and metaphysics. They represent a perspective that has been explored in various spiritual traditions and new-age beliefs.

As with any metaphysical or spiritual notion, interpretations and beliefs can vary widely among individuals and cultures. These ideas can provide a framework for understanding one's personal experiences and perceptions of reality, but they may not have concrete empirical evidence to support them.

If you are interested in exploring these ideas further, I encourage you to engage with various philosophical and spiritual texts, meditative practices, and discussions with people who share similar beliefs. As with any belief system, it's essential to approach it with an open mind while also maintaining a critical and discerning perspective.

References:

1. The Upanishads by Parsa Venkateshwar Rao Jr.
2. The Big Questions of Life by Om Swami
3. Yoga Mythology by Devdutt Pattanik & Matthew Rulli.
4. The Journey Within by Radhanath Swami
5. The Gita Way- Secret Recipe to achieve the purpose of life by Shweta Chandra, Santosh Srivastava
6. Bhagavad-Gita As It Is by A C Bhaktivedanta Swami Prabhupada
7. The Essentials of Hinduism A Comprehensive Overview of the World's Oldest Religion by Swami Bhaskarananda
8. The Hindus An Alternative History by Wendy Doniger
9. Being Different An Indian Challenge to Western Universalism by Rajiv Malhotra
10. Like a Thousand Suns (The Bhagavad Gita for Daily Living, by Eknath Easwaran
11. The Untethered Soul The Journey Beyond Yourself by Michael A. Singer
12. The Principal Upanishads by S. Radhakrishnan
13. Light on Yoga by B. K. S. Iyengar and Yehudi Menuhin
14. Be As You Are by Sri Ramana Maharshi, David Godman
15. Vivekachudamni by Adi Sankaracharya.
16. Bramha Sutra by Adi Sankaracharya.
17. Advita Vedanta by Adi Sankaracharya