# **Effective Methods for Organizing Intensive Gardens and Maximizing Income**

## Nozimov Jakhongir Ikromjonovich

Assistant, Namangan Institute of Engineering and Technology, Namangan region, Namangan city, st. Kasansay, Uzbekistan

**Abstract:** This article mainly describes the importance of intensive gardens today, the agrotechnics of creating gardens. At the same time, the article also describes the advantages and disadvantages of intensive gardens. Along with the formation of intensive gardens, there is also information on how to use irrigation methods.

**Keywords:** Intensive, garden, water, resource, drip irrigation, symbagaz, agriculture, ecology, agrotechnics, global, tree.

Today, there are many environmental problems in the world. Due to environmental problems, various natural problems are on the rise today, and for that reason, it certainly does not affect agriculture. Today, the following problems are emerging in agriculture: global warming, increasing demand for water resources, various types of damage caused by pests to crops, excessive salinity of lands, erosion of fertile soils, and various other problems, due to this, agriculture is suffering, and the main reason for this is environmental degradation, and ecological degradation is caused by excessive and inefficient use of natural resources by people. In the territory of Uzbekistan, the productivity level of some types of one-year crops is decreasing due to various factors, and in order to prevent this, it would be appropriate to establish gardens and vineyards on some soils with relatively low productivity, rather than occupying land with one type of crop. was For this reason, it is certainly appropriate to create new gardens. If we talk about intensive orchards with high efficiency today, as a result of the use of advanced agrotechnical measures in modern intensive orchards, fruit spoilage has been completely eliminated. Productivity is also 1.5-1.7 times higher than previous intensive gardens. At the same time, today's fruit of intensive orchards is considered to be the main export product, besides, in the conditions of Uzbekistan, it has been tested that such orchards can cover expenses in 3-5 years and turn into a source of net income for several years. If we dwell on the requirements for the organization of intensive gardens, on the land where low and small gardens are planted, fresh ground water is 1.5-2 m and mineralized ground water is 3-3.5 m should not be close. In the lands near the rivers, the underground water level is 1.0-1.2 m, but the soil must be free of harmful (chloride and sulfate) salts. The area allocated for irrigated intensive gardens should be flat and its slope should not exceed 4-5 degrees. The width of the fruit trees grown in the orchards should be 100 cm for small trees and 150 cm for short trees so that the trunk is well lit by the sun. In addition, when the row spacing is 3.5-4.0 m, the trunks of the trees should be placed in the sun. will be well provided with rays. Every year, until the fruit trees are fully harvested, 40-50 kg of phosphorus, 30-40 kg of potassium and 60-70 kg of nitrogen fertilizers are applied per hectare. In addition, different types of drugs are used to protect against different types of damage at different times.

One of the most convenient aspects of intensive gardens is that the use of modern irrigation methods, especially drip irrigation, in this type of gardens is very convenient and allows to achieve high efficiency. In addition, it is possible to plant poly crops between trees, which is an additional indicates income. To further elaborate on the benefits of creating intensive gardens:

The high level of productivity, quick reimbursement of incurred expenses, ease of application of agrotechnical work, high quality of the crop (it is an exportable product), long storage period of the harvest from gardens, creation of jobs if processing enterprises are built, modern irrigation saving of irrigation water when plowing methods are used, etc.

One of the reasons why long-term gardens are being given great attention in the Republic today is that it is very convenient to export the harvest from the gardens to foreign countries. Since crops from gardens and

ISSN NO: 2771-8840

vineyards are perennial, in contrast to annual crops, if agrotechnical works are carried out on time, high productivity can be achieved every year.

#### **Introduction:**

Intensive gardening, characterized by its meticulous planning and efficient use of space, has emerged as a lucrative venture for individuals seeking not only a green thumb but also a profitable harvest. This article explores key methods to organize intensive gardens strategically, leading to increased yields and higher income.

#### 1. Crop Selection and Planning:

The foundation of a successful intensive garden lies in thoughtful crop selection. Opt for high-value crops in demand within your local market. Additionally, plan for succession planting to ensure a continuous and varied harvest throughout the growing season.

## 2. Companion Planting and Crop Arrangement:

Harness the power of companion planting to optimize growth and yield. Certain plants thrive when grown together, enhancing each other's strengths and deterring pests. Thoughtful crop arrangement within the garden space maximizes sunlight exposure and facilitates efficient care.

### 3. Utilizing Vertical Space:

Vertical gardening proves invaluable in space optimization. Vining plants such as tomatoes, cucumbers, and beans can be trained to grow upwards, significantly increasing the overall yield per square foot of garden space.

### 4. Crop Rotation and Soil Health:

Prevent soil fatigue and diseases by implementing a strategic crop rotation plan. Enhance soil health through the incorporation of organic matter and cover crops, ensuring a nutrient-rich foundation for your plants.

## 5. Irrigation Techniques:

Efficient water management is crucial for intensive gardening. Drip irrigation systems deliver water directly to the roots, minimizing waste and promoting healthy plant growth. Consistent moisture levels contribute to higher yields.

## 6. Pest Management Strategies:

Implement integrated pest management techniques to control pests naturally. By reducing reliance on chemical pesticides, not only do you contribute to environmental sustainability, but you also minimize costs, ultimately increasing the profit margin.

#### 7. Value-Added Products:

Take your gardening venture to the next level by processing your produce into value-added products. Jams, pickles, and dried herbs not only extend the shelf life of your harvest but also increase its overall value, attracting a broader market.

#### 8. Market Research and Direct Sales:

Understanding local market demands is key to a successful gardening enterprise. Explore direct sales to local markets, restaurants, or participate in community-supported agriculture (CSA) programs. Building direct connections with consumers enhances profitability.

As with all advantages, intensive gardens also have disadvantages, including:

- Creation of intensive gardens requires investment:
- If agrotechnics are not followed, it will not produce the desired yield;
- In the case of varieties brought from abroad, it is possible to get cold in winter, and in summer to encounter various diseases, and others.

Although there are some shortcomings in the organization of intensive gardens, the organization of intensive gardens is considered one of the promising plans. For this reason, Uzbek scientists are trying new varieties of crops suitable for our natural conditions in test fields.

In conclusion, foreign countries have great experience in creating intensive parks. If we can learn the experiences of foreign countries and implement it in our country, this will be another great achievement of ours. For this reason, today, great attention is being paid to improving the qualifications of personnel. The improvement of staff qualifications is the guarantee of future success.

#### **Conclusion:**

ISSN NO: 2771-8840

In conclusion, the journey to a high-income intensive garden involves a harmonious blend of strategic planning, sustainable practices, and adaptability. By incorporating these methods into your gardening approach, you not only cultivate a flourishing garden but also cultivate a path to financial success.

#### References

- 1) Misirova, S. A. "Systematic types of fungi of allocated and determined types from decorative flowers in conditions region Tashkent." *Agricultural sciences* 6.11 (2015): 1387.
- 2) Misirova, S. A. "Determining of the measure disease control ornamental crops during the growing season in the conditions Tashkent region." *Global Journal of Bio-Sciences and Biotechnology* 5.1 (2016): 119-124.
- 3) Abdumutalovna, Misirova Surayyo, and Sarimsaqova Nilufar Sobirjonovna. "Bioecology of Fungi-Pathogens of Flower Crops and the System to Combat Them." *Agricultural sciences* 7.08 (2016): 539.
- 4) MISIROVA, SA, and NN ERNAZAROVA. "FIGHTING MEASURES THE DISEASE CAUSES A VERY DANGEROUS FUNGAL SPECIES WIDESPREAD IN TASHKENT REGION." *International Journal of Botany and Research (IJBR)* 6 (2016): 5-12.
- 5) Misirova, Surayyo. "Technology of growing orchid flowers from seeds." *E3S Web of Conferences*. Vol. 390. EDP Sciences, 2023.
- 6) MISIROVA, SA. "TECHNOLOGY OF CULTIVATION AND REPRODUCTION OF ORNAMENTAL AND UNIQUE ORCHID FLOWER IN NAMANGAN CONDITIONS." World Bulletin of Social Sciences 17 (2022): 156-164.
- 7) Urmonovich, Numonov Otabek. "MANGOSTEEN NUTRITIONAL PRICE AND FUNCTIONAL PROPERTIES." ОБРАЗОВАНИЕ НАУКА И ИННОВАЦИОННЫЕ ИДЕИ В МИРЕ 14.5 (2023): 3-5.
- 8) Misirova, S. A. "BIOLOGICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF FUNGAL SPECIES THAT CAUSE DISEASES OF ONION FLOWERS AND MEASURES TO COMBAT THEM." (2022).
- 9) Misirova, S., and M. Haydarova. "Flowers from Nederland are Considered to Develop in the Climatic Conditions of Uzbekistan and Are Identified the types of Fungus." *Annals of the Romanian Society for Cell Biology* (2021): 5922-5929.
- 10) Misirova, S. A., et al. "Determination types of fungi-pathogens of ornamental flower crops in conditions region Namangan." *ISJ Theoretical & Applied Science*, 10 (66) (2018): 185-189.
- 11) Misirova, S. A., M. U. Davlatova, and Sh O. Tuhtaboeva. "Biological Characteristics of Fungal Pathogens of Bulb Flowers and Control Measures." *JournalNX*: 207-214.
- 12) Misirova, S., et al. "Growing Dutch tulips in Namangan region." *Bulletin of Agrarian Science of Uzbekistan* 1 (2021).
- 13) Sabirov, Ravshan Z., et al. "Volume-sensitive anion channels mediate osmosensitive glutathione release from rat thymocytes." *PLoS One* 8.1 (2013): e55646.
- 14) Rashidovna, Melanova Nazira, and Numonov Otabek Urmonovich. "Comparative Characteristics of the Leaving of Glutathione From Cells of Different Types." *International Journal on Orange Technologies* 2.10: 79-82.
- 15) Melanova, N. R., M. U. Davlatova, and O. Numanov. "The Effect of Extracellular Glutathione on the Regulation of Thymocyte Volume in Rats under Conditions of Hypoosmotic Stress." *Annals of the Romanian Society for Cell Biology* (2021): 7032-7038.
- 16) Sabirov, R.Z., Kurbannazarova, R.S., Melanova, N.R. and Okada, Y., 2010, January. Swelling-induced release of glutathione from rat thymocytes. In *JOURNAL OF PHYSIOLOGICAL SCIENCES* (Vol. 60, pp. S13-S13). 1-11-11 KUDAN-KITA, CHIYODA-KU, TOKYO, 102-0073, JAPAN: SPRINGER TOKYO.
- 17) Melanova, Nazira Rashidovna, and Sayyora Abduqahharovna Yulchiyeva. "EFFECT OF EXTRACELLUIAR GLUTATHIONE ON COLLOID-OSMOTIC LYSIS OF HUMAN RED BLOOD CELLS." Scientific and Technical Journal of Namangan Institute of Engineering and Technology 2.2 (2020): 144-149.
- 18) Choriyeva, Nargiza Mamarajabovna, and Nazira Rashidovna Melanova. "STUDY OF LYSIS OF HUMAN ERYTHROCYTES UPON ADMINISTRATION OF GOSSYPOL, MEGOSIN AND

ISSN NO: 2771-8840

- BATRIDEN." Scientific and Technical Journal of Namangan Institute of Engineering and Technology 1.9 (2019): 55-58.
- 19) Меланова, Назира Рашидовна. "Сравнительная характеристика выхода глутатиона из различных типов клеток." *Universum: химия и биология* 5 (59) (2019): 9-12.
- 20) Насритдинов, Ахмаджон Абдухамидович, and Хусниддин Тургунбоевич Киргизов. "Агрегат для полосной обработки почвы." *Современные научные исследования и инновации* 12 (2015): 412-416.
- 21) Байбобоев, Набижон Гуломович, et al. "Энергоресурсосберегающий комбинированный агрегат для обработки почвы." *Вестник Рязанского государственного агротехнологического университета им. ПА Костычева* 3 (23) (2014): 42-44.
- 22) Насритдинов, А. А., and А. В. Рязанов. "Оптимальные условия установки углоснима." *Техника* в сельском хозяйстве 6 (2003): 34-35.
- 23) Насритдинов, Ахмаджон Абдухамидович. "Результаты исследования формы лобовой поверхности стойки чизеля-культиватора." *Universum: технические науки* 1 (58) (2019): 18-20.
- 24) Бойбобоев, Набижон Гуломович, and Ахмаджон Насритдинов. "Теоретические определение перемещение частиц почвы по поверхности углоснима." *Science Time* 6 (18) (2015): 84-89.
- 25) Misirova, S. A., M. U. Davlatova, and Sh O. Tuhtaboeva. "Biological Characteristics of Fungal Pathogens of Bulb Flowers and Control Measures." *JournalNX*: 207-214.
- 26) Шамситдинов, Ф. "Результаты опыта." Защита и карантин растений 5 (2003): 27-27.
- 27) Абдуалимов, Ш. Х., and Ф. Р. Шамситдинов. "Влияние применения стимуляторов роста на всхожесть семян, рост, развитие и урожайность хлопчатника в условиях светлых сероземных каменистых почв Наманганской области Республики Узбекистан." Актуальные проблемы современной науки 5 (2019): 47-51.
- 28) Абдуалимов, Шухрат Хамадуллаевич, and Фазлиддин Расулович Шамситдинов. "НАМАНГАН ВИЛОЯТИНИНГ ҚИР АДИРЛИ ТОШЛОҚ ЕРЛАРИДА ЯНГИ СТИМУЛЯТОРЛАРНИНГ ҒЎЗА БАРГ ЮЗАСИ ВА ҚОСИЛДОРЛИГИГА ТАЪСИРИ." Журнал Биологии и Экологии 1 (2019).
- 29) Urmonovich N. O. MANGOSTEEN NUTRITIONAL PRICE AND FUNCTIONAL PROPERTIES //ОБРАЗОВАНИЕ НАУКА И ИННОВАЦИОННЫЕ ИДЕИ В МИРЕ. 2023. Т. 14. №. 5. С. 3-5.
- 30) Rashidovna, Melanova Nazira, and Numonov Otabek Urmonovich. "Comparative Characteristics of the Leaving of Glutathione From Cells of Different Types." *International Journal on Orange Technologies* 2.10: 79-82.
- 31) Abdukhamidovich, Nasritdinov Akhmadzhon, and Numonov Otagek Urmonovich. "The Results of Theoretical Studies of the Chisel Cultivator Rack Frontal Surface Shape." *Annals of the Romanian Society for Cell Biology* (2021): 5930-5938.
- 32) Abdukhamidovich, Nasritdinov Akhmadzhon, Muhabbat Davlatova Urmanovna, and Numonov Otabek Urmonovich. "Strip Till Age of Soil for Deuteric Sowing (Second Crop)." *International Journal on Orange Technologies* 3.4 (2021): 71-74.
- 33) Abduhamidovich N. A. et al. MANGOSTIN DARAXTI VA MEVASINI TIBBIYOTDA FOYDALANISH //Journal of new century innovations. 2023. T. 28. №. 2. C. 12-14.
- 34) Melanova, N. R., M. U. Davlatova, and O. Numanov. "The Effect of Extracellular Glutathione on the Regulation of Thymocyte Volume in Rats under Conditions of Hypoosmotic Stress." *Annals of the Romanian Society for Cell Biology* (2021): 7032-7038.
- 35) Рахманов, Дилшод Ортикбаевич, and Муҳаббат Ўрмоновна Давлатова. "ОРГАНОЛЕПТИЧЕСКИХ ОЦЕНКА СВОЙСТВ РЫБ И РЫБНЫХ ПРОДУКТОВ." *O'ZBEKISTONDA FANLARARO INNOVATSIYALAR VA ILMIY TADQIQOTLAR JURNALI* 2.14 (2022): 583-585.
- 36) Юсупова, Махпуза Нумановна. "БИОЛОГИЧЕСКИЙ МЕТОД ЗАЩИТЫ РАСТЕНИЙ." Scientific Impulse 1.9 (2023): 1460-1464.

ISSN NO: 2771-8840

- 38) Юсупова, Махпуза Нумановна. "САБЗАВОТ ЭКИНЛАРИГА БИОЛОГИК КУРАШ ҲАҚИДА МУЛОХАЗАЛАР." *Scientific Impulse* 1.9 (2023): 1469-1473.
- 39) Юсупова, Махпуза Нумановна. "ФАРҒОНА ВОДИЙСИ ШАРОИТИДА ИГНА БАРГЛИ ДАРАХТЛАРНИ ЗАРАРКУНАНДАЛАРДАН ХИМОЯЛАШ." SO 'NGI ILMIY TADQIQOTLAR NAZARIYASI 6.4 (2023): 316-320.
- 40) O'rmonovna, Davlatova Muhabbat. "MANGOSTIN DARAXTI VA UNING KIMYOVIY XUSUSIYATLARI." *INNOVATION IN THE MODERN EDUCATION SYSTEM* 3.25 (2022): 1-4.
- 42) Qurbonov, I. "Tulip varieties imported from the netherlands technology of cultivation of namangan region. galaxy international interdisciplinary research journal (giirj) issn (E): 2347-6915 Vol. 9." (2021).
- 43) Kurbanov, I. G. "CARE OF TULIP VARIETIES OF THE NETHERLANDS IN THE CLIMATIC CONDITIONS OF THE NAMANGAN REGION." *American Journal of Interdisciplinary Research and Development* 6 (2022): 117-120.
- 44) Qurbonov I. E-RECRUITMENT: SOCIAL MEDIA AND RECRUITING //InterConf. 2021.
- 45) Qurbonov, Ibragim Sharifjonovich. "CLONELY MICRO-CULTIVATION OF PLANTS AND ITS APPLICATION TO AGRICULTURE." Scientific and Technical Journal of Namangan Institute of Engineering and Technology 1.4 (2019): 74-78.
- 46) Юсупова М. Н., Ахмедова М. М. МЕВАЛИ ДАРАХТЛАРНИ ЗАРАРКУНАНДАЛАРИГА УЙГУНЛАШГАН КУРАШ ЧОРАЛАРИ //ЖУРНАЛ АГРО ПРОЦЕССИНГ. 2020. Т. 2. №. 8.
- 47) Ходжаев, Ш. Т., Сагдуллаев, А. У., Исаев, О. Б., & Юсупова, М. Н. (2011). Проблемы защиты растений в Узбекистане. *Защита и карантин растений*, (8), 23-24. Юсупова М. Особенности защиты хлопчатника посеянного под пленки от вредных организмов //Автореф. канд. дисс./М. Юсупова—Ташкент. 2001.
- 48) Ходжаев, Ш. Т., Юсупова, М. Н., Курязов, Ш., & Саттаров, Н. (2008). Перспективы биологической защиты хлопчатника от хлопковой совки. Сб. трудов.-Ташкент: Таллин, 44-49.
- 49) Yusupova M. N., Nosirov B. Z. Pests of cotton and straw control at collection //EPRA International Journal of Multidisciplinary Research (IJMR)-Peer Reviewed Journal. − 2020. − T. 6. − №. 12. − C. 57-61.
- 50) Yusupova M. N., Axmedova M. M. Mevali daraxtlarni zararkunandalariga uygunlashgan kurash choralari //Jurnal JURNAL AGRO PROTSESSING. Data publikatsii. − 2020. − № 8. − С. 12.
- 51) Yusupova M. N. Biological method of crop protection in the fergana valley //Agrarian science. 2018. №. 6. C. 68-70.
- 52) Urmonovich, Numonov Otabek. "MANGOSTEEN NUTRITIONAL PRICE AND FUNCTIONAL PROPERTIES." *ОБРАЗОВАНИЕ НАУКА И ИННОВАЦИОННЫЕ ИДЕИ В МИРЕ* 14.5 (2023): 3-5
- 53) MN, Yusupova, and B. Z. Nosirov. "Control Of Cotton Pests On Stubble Lands." *International Journal of Applied* 10.2 (2015): 99-108.
- 54) Юсупова М. Н., Тургунова А. Н., Очилов С. Н. Система интегрированной защиты растений //Российский электронный научный журнал. -2015. -№. 1. C. 169-174.
- 55) Alimzhanova Z. I., Kadyrova D. S., Yusupova M. N. Ceramic pigments based on raw materials from Uzbekistan //Glass and Ceramics. − 2014. − T. 70. − №. 11-12. − C. 441-443.
- 56) Yusupova M. N., Gapparov A. M. Biological Method Of Plant Protection In Uzbekistan //The American Journal of Agriculture and Biomedical Engineering. 2020. T. 2. №. 11. C. 29-32.
- 57) Rashidovna M. N., Urmonovich N. O. Comparative Characteristics of the Leaving of Glutathione From Cells of Different Types //International Journal on Orange Technologies. − T. 2. − №. 10. − C. 79-82.
- 58) Юсупова М. Н., Носиров Б. З. БИОЛОГИЧЕСКИЙ МЕТОД ЗАЩИТЫ РАСТЕНИЙ В УЗБЕКИСТАНЕ //Научно-практические пути повышения экологической устойчивости и

ISSN NO: 2771-8840

- социально-экономическое обеспечение сельскохозяйственного производства. 2017. С. 498-
- 59) Urmonovich, N. O. (2023). MANGOSTEEN NUTRITIONAL PRICE AND FUNCTIONAL PROPERTIES. *ОБРАЗОВАНИЕ НАУКА И ИННОВАЦИОННЫЕ ИДЕИ В МИРЕ*, *14*(5), 3-5.
- 60) Yusupova M. et al. Protection of after harvest cultures-as a reservetors of cotton pests //Agriculture and Biology Journal of North America. -2013. T. 4. No. 5. C. 576-582.
- 61) Ходжаев, Ш. Т., Юсупова, М. Н., Юлдашев, Ф., Исаев, О. Б., & Шокирова, Г. (2011). Борьба с вредителями хлопчатника на пожнивных культурах в севообороте. *Вестник защиты растений*, (2), 46-52.
- 62) Yusupova M. N. et al. Possibilities of the biological method of cotton plant protection //Agriculture and Biology Journal of North America. − 2011. − T. 2. − №. 5. − C. 742-744.
- 63) Ходжаев, Ш. Т., Юсупова, М. Н., Юлдашев, Ф., & Жамалов, А. Г. (2010). Хлопковая совка на пожнивных культурах. *Защита и карантин растений*, (12), 22-23.
- 64) Хайдарова, Х. А., Юсупова, М. Н., Ихтиярова, Г. А., & Хайдаров, А. А. ПОЛУЧЕНИЕ ХИТОЗАНА ИЗ ПОДМОРА ПЧЕЛ APIS MILLIFERA. Сучасний рух науки: тези доп. XI міжнародної науково-практичної інтернет-конференції, 8-9 жовтня 2020 р.—Дніпро, 2020.—Т. 2.—426 с., 352.
- 65) Yusupova M., Turgunova A., Ochilov S. INTERGRATED PLANT PROTECTION SYSTEMS.

ISSN NO: 2771-8840