

Development Of Students' Ideological-Ideological Immunity Legal Grounds

Babatayeva Nulufar Mamurdjanovna

Mirzo Ulugbek district school 221,
teacher of state and law fundamentals.

Annotation: In this article, the study of legal culture in the literature for the development of students' ideological-ideological immunity is highlighted, the author revealed the essence of the concepts of education, legal consciousness and legal culture based on the analysis of theoretical materials.

Key words: Ideological-ideological competence, education, idea, ideology, immunity, ideological immunity, legal consciousness and legal culture.

Nowadays, one of the main tasks of modern education is related to the development of students' ideological immunity in terms of legal, national, spiritual-educational, ideological-ideological and cultural aspects. Compliance with international education standards requires the inclusion of ideological-ideological, spiritual-educational aspects in the educational content. Because the next stages of socio-economic development require the supply of mature individuals who can think globally, find their direction in different political, social and economic situations, armed with progressive ideas and ideology. The field of higher education occupies a leading and decisive place in the preparation of such persons. In the conditions of globalization, formation of ideological-ideological immunity in students is the task of modern education, and serves to implement it with the issue of legal, national, spiritual-educational, ideological-ideological and cultural formation.

In order to justify the fact that the development of ideological and ideological immunity in young students is an important factor of legal culture, first of all, it is appropriate to dwell on the key words legal knowledge, legal consciousness and legal culture.

As stated in the Decree No. PF-5618 of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated January 9, 2019 on the fundamental improvement of the system of raising legal awareness and legal culture in society. The following are defined as the main tasks of raising legal consciousness and legal culture in society: - forming a system of consistently conveying to the population the content and essence of socio-economic reforms, adopted legal documents and state programs, "establishing the spirit of respect for laws in society - democratic legal is the pledge of state building!" to strengthen the idea of life; - in raising legal consciousness and legal culture in the society, first of all, paying special attention to the systematic and organic conduct of education, instilling legal consciousness and legal culture in all layers of the population, starting from the pre-school education system, the ideas of maintaining a balance between personal interests and the interests of society is charged with extensive promotion tasks. Economic-social, political-legal, spiritual-educational events, religious and national activities for youth, dedicated to raising the legal consciousness and legal culture of citizens in the society, as well as their constitutional rights and duties, the content and essence of the norms of etiquette, legal knowledge, legal consciousness and legal culture. values, customs and traditions, relevance to the events taking place in our society, it is appropriate to educate in accordance with the principles of humanitarian and humanistic ideas.

The Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan is the basis of the documents defining the legal basis for the development of science and its state support in our country. Article 43 of the chapter "Guarantees of human rights and freedoms" in our general encyclopedia states that "Everyone is guaranteed the freedom of scientific and technical creativity, the right to use cultural achievements. The state takes care of cultural, scientific and technical development of the society", it was noted.

In the concept of development of the higher education system of the Republic of Uzbekistan until 2030, the following tasks have been defined regarding the pedagogical and psychological characteristics of the development of ideological and ideological competence of students. - in the field of coverage and quality of education with higher education: students have not developed the skills of critical thinking, independent information search and analysis; - strengthening of spiritual and moral content in higher education; - educating young people in the spirit of patriotism based on respect for national values, humanitarianism and high spiritual ideals; - there is a need to further develop their immunity against foreign ideas and ideologies. According to this decree, the pedagogical-psychological characteristics of the development of students' ideological-ideological immunity, the level of knowledge and critical thinking of students, the independent search and analysis of information, the upbringing of young people in the spirit of patriotism based on respect for national values, high moral ideas, and the strengthening of their immunity against foreign ideas and ideologies are indicated in this decree. tasks are defined.

Legal consciousness - jurisprudence, fal. category related to fields; a concept of social group and individual consciousness reflecting legal phenomena, understanding legal values, maintaining the necessary legal order. Legal consciousness is characterized by socio-economic, cultural, legal and political conditions of society. Legal culture is a term that expresses people's level of legal knowledge, conscious attitude towards law, respect for law and compliance with it.

In the national program of raising legal culture in society, "The current state of development of society and the state requires comprehensive improvement of legal culture and legal literacy of all participants of legal relations. As a set of legal culture, legal knowledge, legal beliefs and consistent practical activities, it ensures the successful solution of the tasks facing the society and the state. In order to improve the legal culture in the society, first of all, the current state of development of the state with the members of the society requires comprehensive improvement of the legal culture and legal literacy of all participants of legal relations. As a set of legal culture, legal knowledge, legal beliefs and consistent practical activities, it ensures the successful solution of the tasks facing the society and the state.

We can see that legal scholars U.Tadjinkhanov, A.Saidov defined the concept of legal culture as follows: Legal culture refers to the level of the legal system established in the society, the level of people's awareness of this legal system, the respect of the people for the law, the level of enforcement of legal norms, intolerance to those who do not follow the law. being, we understand the degree of obedience to the law. The ideas and thoughts, theory and ideology formed in the society on these issues create the concept of the theory of legal culture. Based on the views of the above legal scholars, we give the following definition of legal culture. it is assumed to know and follow it.

Today, which is called the age of globalization, the factor of pedagogical education plays an important role in protecting young people from aggressive ideas. Because since time immemorial, education carried out in the direction of good goals has always shown its positive results. Our people have always said and explained that there will be no breaks in the stages of education.

Because in all periods, instability, laziness, neglect, indifference, inability to understand the essence of education and lack of legal knowledge caused various negative situations. It is certainly

not in vain that we connect all the achievements we have achieved on this difficult and honorable path, first of all, with our Constitution. Why, our Basic Law defined the guarantees of our national independence and development, human rights and freedoms, which our people have dreamed of for many years.

It can be said with full confidence that the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan is a high example of the political and legal thinking of our people. It has been a legal guarantee of a free and independent, peaceful and peaceful life without dependence on anyone. A legal democratic state based on market relations serves as a solid foundation for building a strong civil society.

Therefore, the leader of our country noted that pedagogical education and upbringing have been glorified by our people for centuries, taking into account the importance of relying on the views of the sages: "The more perfect the education, the happier the people will live" " emphasizes the idea. As the President emphasized, the more perfect the education and upbringing of the youth, the more important is the formation of their sense of belonging to the reforms in the development of the society, and the fulfillment of their duties and obligations to the Motherland.

As noted in the Address of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Shavkat Mirziyoyev to the Oliy Majlis on December 28, 2018, "We need to develop a national idea that will be a source of strength for us in the implementation of the huge tasks we have set before us." In the process of addressing the Oliy Majlis, these points were not emphasized for nothing. Because today, in the era of increasing ideological threats and ideological attacks in the world civilization, it is necessary to protect the youth of our country from various dangers, it is necessary to develop the national idea, to form the ideological immunity of the youth against evil ideas.

These opinions show how necessary it is to form professional pedagogical competence in future specialists, to further improve activities in this regard, and to increase legal culture. Also, in today's information age, this competence alone is not enough to protect young people from ideological attacks. We should not forget that in today's increasingly intensive globalization processes, along with professional pedagogical competence, forming the ideological and ideological competence of future specialists is of great importance.

Ideological prevention should be carried out correctly in order to create a legal culture by developing ideological and ideological competence in young people. Ideological prevention is a set of ideological, educational, spiritual, ideological works of various forms carried out by various social institutions. This important process includes the ideological education system of today.

Today, because the educational system covers a large percentage of the youth of our country, pedagogues have more tasks to do, because in the process of education, it is necessary to prevent the ideological gap that may arise in the process of education, and to prevent the ideological chaos that causes the derailment of the life of the society. serves to form ideological immunity.

The importance of using various methods and tools in the implementation of ideological prevention is incomparable. It is necessary to carry out prevention work that serves to protect young people from ideological attacks in different ways and step by step. In order to form the ideological worldview of young students in educational institutions, preventive measures will certainly not fail to give positive results if they are carried out in a continuous and systematic manner.

As can be seen from the above, "Education" taught in the educational system, and through legal sciences, the ideas, legal knowledge, legal consciousness and legal culture, ideological and ideological immunity, reflecting the content and essence of a legal democratic state free civil society in students, have a positive effect on the reforms being carried out in our country. serves to further improve the attitude and feelings of patriotism.

Reference

1. Kadirbergenovna, B. L. (2019). The importance of independent education in education system. Педагогика ва психологияда инновatsiýalar, (5).
2. Xo'jayev, M. O. (2020). The role of theory and practice in the development of ideological competence in students. Theoretical & Applied Science, (9), 18-20.
3. Otaboevich, K. M. (2021). Model of Developing Ideological Competence in Students. *Annals of the Romanian Society for Cell Biology*, 1284-1292.
4. Khojaev Munis Otaboevich. (2022). Legal fundamentals of developing ideological and ideological competence in students. World Bulletin of Social Sciences, 8, 96-100.
5. Алибеков, С., & Багбекова, Л. (2023). The role of independent education in the educational system. Современные тенденции инновatsiонного развития науки и образования в глобальном мире, 1(3), 35–37. извлечено от <https://inlibrary.uz/index.php/development-science-education/article/view/17791>