

# Education of Young Generation in the Spirit of Patriotism

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**Annotation:** *This article briefly describes the opportunities and foreign experiences that are being created for young people today, the extent to which they fit into our mentality and how we use them to be more scientifically beneficial to young people.*

**Keywords:** *Patriotism, multiplicity, USA, central ideas, universities, nation, search for truth.*

Pays a lot of attention to this area and brings foreign experience . part is proud of its country. Half decorate their homes with the national flag. 15-20% of drivers hang the American flag on their cars. In the United States, patriotic demonstrations, unlike in most countries around the world, are organized not by officials but by Americans themselves. The central ideas of patriotism are the principles of freedom, equality and justice. The life of American society is based on these three ideas. They embody the ideas that humanity wants to achieve now and pass on to future generations. The qualities of a patriotic character are courage, responsibility, gratitude to the founders and devotion to the common good. The self-awareness of the American people means that the American national idea is unique as a special form of justice. U.S. universities have a special place in educating in the spirit of patriotism. There are more than 1,350 public colleges and nearly 2,000 colleges and universities in the United States. The total number of private schools is 65%. The American higher education system, unlike others, has curricula, courses, and disciplines that perform important economic, social, and ideological functions, including forming a single social institution that educates students in the spirit of patriotism . The main components of patriotism in the United States are : The realization of morals and freedoms in accordance with the U.S. Constitution. This component forms the basis of patriotism in the United States. Americans consider the exercise of their rights to be patriotic. This allows for open criticism of the government, the search for policy changes, and the involvement of other citizens to solve common problems. The Constitution, adopted in 1791, was designed to prevent the enactment of laws that could restrict freedom of speech, press, assembly, and religion. State symbols (mad hiya and flag) that are valued and recognized by all Americans. The American Anthem was written in 1812 and was only recognized as the official national anthem in 1931. The anthem is traditionally performed, often live, which enhances the ceremony. Most Americans know the words to the anthem. Each state also has its own flag, and residents of the state often hang it next to the state flag. Congressmen and senators always put their flag next to the U.S. flag in their offices, emphasizing their commitment to the interests of their flag. The next symbol (one of these keys) is the eagle spreading its wings, a symbol of the United States. This coat of arms was adopted in the summer of 1782 and the painting on it symbolizes great aspirations, the independence of the nation and is a sign of hope for a better future. Patriotism is high in the United States. America breathes in its patriotism, is proud of it, and various popular groups unite precisely because of their sense of patriotism. The state flag is hung in every classroom in American schools. The scientific field is devoid of patriotism in order not to interfere with the critical interpretation of processes. Young people are always looking for the truth, critical analysis. The freedom of the scientific field from systematic patriotic education is aimed at ensuring a critical attitude of young people to foreign and domestic policy issues, including the incumbent

president and all authorities. In the United States, the president is the living symbol and pride of the state and patriotism. The institution of the presidency as an integral part of patriotism serves as a living symbol of the state and a source of patriotism. The American people are proud of their presidents, despite their mistakes and shortcomings in their work. Support the military, no matter how right the U.S. government's policy is. 87% of Americans see military service as a shining example of individual patriotism. After the attacks of September 11, 2001, a sense of patriotism rose in the country, and the flow of those wishing to join the armed forces increased significantly. It should be noted that American patriotism is a place that brings together millions of American citizens, immigrants from different countries, who came to this country in search of a new life. Were it not for a well-thought-out and effective program of patriotic education, the United States would not have become one of the most powerful countries in the world. We, like developed foreign countries, need to build our own path of development. We are now given ample opportunities in this regard. It is also worth noting that Article 41 of our Constitution guarantees the right to free general education for young people. The right to education is enshrined in the Law on Education and the National Training Program adopted on the basis of our Basic Law. Young people have the right to fully express their talents and abilities.

Article 42 states that everyone has the right to freedom of scientific and technical creation, the right to enjoy cultural achievements, and that the state shall take care of the cultural, scientific and technical development of society. As a logical continuation of this, modern education for young people in presidential schools, Temurbek schools, creative and specialized schools is a solid foundation of the New Renaissance, while reforms and opportunities in higher education are a pillar.

Therefore, a number of normative and legal documents have been developed in this regard, which have formed a new step and a new system to support the aspirations and talents of young people, to increase the management capacity of leading cadres. The door to new privileges and opportunities is being opened by exploring their needs and requirements. The personal involvement of the President in the formation of a new youth policy should be emphasized.

At the initial stage of the formation of the younger generation, the head of state pays special attention to the issues of education. In particular, the reform of primary, secondary and higher education is a clear confirmation of the fact that the head of our state Shavkat Mirziyoyev sees the sustainability of almost all reforms in the policy of supporting young people.

The transfer of students from foreign educational institutions to our higher education institutions, the testing process, and the simultaneous testing of knowledge in 5 universities are clear examples of this.

Today, the government's decision to recommend young people with many years of experience in the legal profession to pursue a privileged master's degree is also noteworthy.

Yesterday, during the meeting of the President with the youth, new opportunities were mentioned, which laid the foundation for a radical change in the outlook of our youth in New Uzbekistan. In addition, preferential education loans will be provided to families with two or more children studying at the university on a contract basis. We pay special attention to helping our young people to study in prestigious foreign universities.

In particular, the cost of exams will be fully reimbursed for the most talented young people who have the highest scores in international education programs. Fourth, it is noteworthy that starting from 2021, 50 billion soums will be directed to the best innovative and startup projects of young people by organizing the competition "Future Scientist" among schoolchildren and university students. and we, the youth, will follow this path boldly and vigorously, and in the future we will achieve great things.

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